IT Governance at Financial Technology Company using COBIT 4.1 Framework and Balanced Scorecard Perspective

Hendry Pratama, Johannes Fernandes Andry

Abstract—PT. Walepay Finansial Teknologi (Walepay) is a Financial Technology Company. In this company, the author wants to know how good Walepay implemented IT Governance. With COBIT 4.1 and Balanced Scorecard, the author will measure the maturity level. The author will measure in AI Domain. There are 7 processes in AI domain, such as Identify Automated Solutions, Acquire and Maintain Application Software, Acquire and Maintain Technology Infrastructure, Enable Operation and Use, Procure IT Resource, Manage Changes, and Install and Accredit Solutions and Changes. For Balanced Scorecard, the author uses Financial Perspective and Customer Perspective. The highest score of Maturity level is 3.2 at AI5 Domain, the lowest score is 2.2 at AI3 Domain, and the average score of all AI Domain is 2.68 in the Defined Level. Recommendations for AI Domain from the author are Walepay need to improve about the acquire and implementation in the company especially about how to maintain technology infrastructure for the future, and also give attention to identifying the automated solution in more advance. For balanced scorecard, Walepay is good in financial perspective, but not good enough in a customer perspective.

Keywords—AI Domain, Balanced Scorecard, COBIT 4.1, Maturity Level.

I. INTRODUCTION

Information technology governance audit is intended to map the maturity level of the Information Technology process [1] at PT. Walepay Finansial Teknologi (Walepay) Along with the development of information technology and its utilization which continues to increase from time to time, speed and accuracy information will be a demand for running the economy for the entrepreneurs, communities, or the government [2].

The Success of enterprise governance now has a dependence on how far the IT Governance does. The alignment between IT application with business strategy and organization goals can be achieved through good IT management [3].

Walepay is a company that was founded in August 2018 which is engaged in financial technology. Walepay Finansial Teknologi, PT also apply information technology to support them achieve the desired result. That’s my reason to know how mature the preparation of governance that has been done by Walepay using a COBIT 4.1 Framework that focuses on Acquire and Implementation (AI) domain.

In this research, the author also used the balanced scorecard. There are 4 balanced scorecard perspectives: (1) Customer Perspective, (2) Financial Perspective, (3) Learning and Growth Perspective, (4) Internal Business Process Perspective. The author will discuss about Customer Perspective and Financial Perspective in this case.

II. RELATED LITERATURE AND STUDIES

A. IT Governance

IT Governance is a branch of corporate governance which focused on information technology systems and performance management and risks. [4]. IT Governance has a broad definition covering information systems, technology and communication, business and law, and other issues involving all components of the company, like stakeholders, IT users, even information system/information technology inspectors [5]. The success of IT Governance is very determined by the alignment of IT applications and organization goals [6].

IT Governance integrates and institutionalizes good practices from planning and organizing, acquiring and implementing, delivering and supporting, and supervising IT performance to ensure that organizational IT that is implemented supports the organization objectives [7].

B. COBIT 4.1 Framework

COBIT (Control Objectives for Information and Related Technologies) is developed by the IT Governance Institute as a part of the Audit System Information and Control Association (ISACA) [8].

COBIT support clear policies development and best practical steps that can be taken for controlling the information technology in all company [9]. COBIT Framework provides the structure that provides IT processes, IT resources, and information [10] for Walepay.

There are 4 main domains: (1) Planning and Organization, (2) Acquire and Implementation, (3) Delivery and Support, (4) Monitoring and Evaluation [11]. See Fig.1. COBIT
Planning and Organization include strategies and tactics, and attention to identifying how IT can maximally contribute to achieving business goals [11].

Acquire and Implementation is to realize an IT strategy, identify IT solutions, developed or acquired, and implemented, and integrated into business processes [11].

Delivery and Support covers areas such as the operation of applications in the IT system and the results, and also support the process that enables the operation of the IT system effectively and efficiently [11].

Monitoring and Evaluation is for management supervision of control process in the organization and independent assessment by internal auditor or external auditor or obtained from another alternative resource [11].

C. Maturity Level

COBIT sees that applying the governance mechanism effectively is not easy, but it must go through the various stage of maturity. The maturity model is to control the IT process, so the management can knowing the position of the organization now, and the position where the organization wants to be [12].

The customer perspective covers the customer objectives such as customer satisfaction, market share goals as well as product and service attributes.

The financial perspective covers the financial objectives of an organization and allows managers to track financial success and shareholder value.

The internal business process perspective covers internal operational goals and outlines the key processes necessary to deliver the customer objectives.

The learning and growth perspective covers the intangible drivers of future success such as human capital, organizational culture, leadership, systems, and databases.

III. METHODOLOGY

The first thing before makes research is to knowing and understanding about the problems appear inside the company. There are several steps when doing a research: (1) make a question for interview, (2) analyze the question before you asked, (3) revised the question if it feel not fit, (4) return the interview documents, (5) analyzing the result of interview document, (6) make a conclusion from the result. See Fig. 4. Research Method.

The author will conduct interview with the company. The main speakers are the IT Manager and Staff. There are 5 interview process: (1) literature study, (2) survey to the company, (3) document retrieval, (4) analyze the survey result, (5) make a conclusion. To see the process, see Fig. 5. The Interview Process.
All the questions are guided by the COBIT 4.1 Framework at Acquire and Implementation domain, after that the author will survey visit to Walepay to know the real condition at the company, after the author thought document was complete, then the next process is to analyze the result document and make a report about the conclusion and make the balanced scorecard.

### IV. DISCUSSION AND RESULTS

After the author make a company visit to collect the data, the author can measure the maturity level of Walepay based on COBIT 4.1 Framework. The author interview with 5 staff and 1 IT Manager which is related with the information. The author will discuss about Acquire and Implementation domain, covers: AI1 (Identity Automated Solutions), AI2 (Acquire and Maintain Application Software), AI3 (Acquire and Maintain Technology Infrastructure), AI4 (Enable Operation and Use), AI5 (Procure IT Resources), AI6 (Manage Changes), and the last AI7 (Install and Accredit Solutions and Changes).

**A. AI Domain**

This domain emphasizes how IT solutions are identified, acquired, implemented, and integrated into business processes. AI1 explain about to identify the solution before Walepay wants to make an application or IT solution. AI2 explain how Walepay can acquire the software and how to maintain the software.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Process</th>
<th>Control Objective</th>
<th>Maturity Level</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AI1</td>
<td>Identify Automated Solutions</td>
<td>2.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AI2</td>
<td>Acquire and Maintain Application Software</td>
<td>2.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AI3</td>
<td>Acquire and Maintain Technology Infrastructure</td>
<td>2.2</td>
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<tr>
<td>AI4</td>
<td>Enable Operation and Use</td>
<td>3.0</td>
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<tr>
<td>AI5</td>
<td>Procure IT Resources</td>
<td>3.2</td>
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<tr>
<td>AI6</td>
<td>Manage Changes</td>
<td>2.6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AI7</td>
<td>Install and Accredit Solutions and Changes</td>
<td>2.8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Maturity level average 2.68

AI3 explain how to Acquire and maintain from Walepay Technology Infrastructure. AI4 explain how Walepay to enable the operation and how to use it. AI5 explain about to procure the IT resource like computer procurement, etc. AI6 explain how Walepay manages changes from the old one to the new one. AI7 explain how Walepay to make an installation and accreditation solutions and change in the company.

From the Tab.1. AI Domain, the author will give the explanation about the result of the maturity level as follows:

1) **AI1 Domain**

From the interview with speakers, the author gives 2.4 on a defined level for the result, because the average of them said that Walepay already identifies the solutions but must be further enhanced and specific in conducting a risk analysis.

2) **AI2 Domain**

From the interview with speakers, the author gives 2.6 for the result, because the author thinks that Walepay is good to acquire and run the maintenance, but still not detailed enough in how Walepay run the standard operating procedure in maintenance. Recommendation from the author is Walepay must more detail about how to run standard operating procedure because to minimize the error when doing maintenance process.

3) **AI3 Domain**

From the interview with the speakers, the author gives 2.2 for the result, because Walepay is not good enough in implementing the IT infrastructure, and it still under average standard expectation. Recommendation from the author is Walepay must improve the vital IT infrastructure to support the business process.

4) **AI4 Domain**

From the interview with the speakers, the author gives 3.2 for the result, because Walepay has met the standard for operating and know how to use it. However, getting 3 for the result it doesn’t enough, Walepay must always make an improvement for the future in the operation side to make the business process more efficient.

5) **AI5 Domain**

From the interview with the speakers, the author gives 3.2 for the result, because Walepay is good at procuring IT resource, and Walepay feels that IT resource are very important for running the business.
Recommendations from the author are Walepay need to customer satisfaction, customer profitability. The market share, customer acquisition, customer retention, from the Customer Perspective, there are 5 steps, that are startup.

Now Walepay hasn’t reached this step at this moment, because Walepay is the new financial technology segments. Now Walepay needs to develop its business to gain more market share. Walepay is still a small part of players in this segment. The customer acquisition is measure how many new customer/user interest to using Walepay app. To interest new customer/user, Walepay must make a promo or discount to the customer, so that new user will interest in using Walepay app. For now, Walepay has a good customer growth rate. The customer retention is to measure how many customer/user maintains by Walepay, how many user loyal to using Walepay app. Walepay must know the way to make user loyal. With promo or continuous discount. For now, Walepay has not many loyal customers/users, if there any discount, then the customers/users will start using Walepay app. The customer satisfaction is to measure how far the customer/user satisfied using Walepay app. So Walepay always sees the feedback to improve their service. Whether in google play rating or feedback email. Every feedback will be heard and analyze for the next implementation. The customer profitability is to measure how much profit Walepay will get from selling service to customer/user. Walepay always makes a profit from selling every service in the application but in a small margin.

V. CONCLUSION

The conclusion from the research is AI5 (Procure IT Resource) is the highest maturity level with score of 3.2 where the expected level only needs 3. The lowest maturity level is AI3 (Acquire and Maintain Technology Infrastructure) with score of 2.2, while the average of AI domain maturity level with score of 2.68 which is including in the Defined stage. Another rest of AI domain is AI1 with score of 2.4 (Repeatable but Intuitive), AI2 with score of 2.6 (Defined), AI4 with score of 3 (Defined), AI6 with score of 2.6 (Defined), and the last is AI7 with score of 2.8 (Defined).

And for the balanced scorecard, in Financial perspective, Walepay has a good financial service to run the business process for sustain the next few years, and for the customer perspective, Walepay need to maintain the customer acquisition and customer retention with making a promos or discounts which interest many customer/user for using Walepay app.

REFERENCES


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